

	Curso: ENSINO MÉDIO INTEGRADO		Data: / 07/23	
	TRABALHO DE RECUPERAÇÃO SEMESTRAL		Série: 3ª SERIE	
Disciplina: INGLÊS		Professor(a): FELIPE KIND		
Coordenação: Betania S. C. Domingues		Visto:	Valor: 10 ,0	Nota:
Aluno(a):				Nº:

ORIENTAÇÕES

- As questões devem apresentar todo o desenvolvimento do processo de resolução.
- Leia com atenção o enunciado de cada questão.
- Trabalho escrito a lápis, NÃO TERÁ REVISÃO DE CORREÇÃO, passe TODAS as respostas à caneta.
- Para CORREÇÃO é necessária a leitura, escreva com LETRA LEGÍVEL.
- Não será permitido rasura.

O Caráter
em 1º lugar
TOLERÂNCIA

CONTEÚDO A SER COBRADO NA PROVA

- Present Perfect x Simple Past
- Present Perfect/Present Perfect Continuous
- Comparative and Superlative
- Conditionals

BOM TRABALHO! QUE DEUS TE ABENÇOE!
QUESTÕES.

Read the text for questions 1-2

What are eugenics and scientific racism?

Eugenics is the scientifically erroneous and immoral theory of “racial improvement” and “planned breeding,” which gained popularity during the early 20th century. Eugenicists worldwide believed that they could perfect human beings and eliminate so-called social ills through genetics and heredity. They believed the use of methods such as involuntary sterilization, segregation and social exclusion would rid society of individuals deemed by them to be unfit.

Scientific racism is an ideology that appropriates the methods and legitimacy of science to argue for the superiority of white Europeans and the inferiority of non-white people whose social and economic status have been historically marginalized. Like eugenics, scientific racism grew out of:

1. the misappropriation of revolutionary advances in medicine, anatomy and statistics during the 18th and 19th centuries.
2. Charles Darwin’s theory of evolution through the mechanism of natural selection.
3. Gregor Mendel’s laws of inheritance.

Eugenic theories and scientific racism drew support from contemporary xenophobia, antisemitism, sexism, colonialism and imperialism, as well as justifications of slavery, particularly in the United States.

1. De acordo com o texto:

- a) Charles Darwin teve zero relação com as teorias racistas
- b) A eugenia se associou a outros problemas modernos
- c) A eugenia teve seu início no século XIV
- d) As teorias eugenistas são aceitas no mundo moderno

2. O trecho: "Eugenicists worldwide believed that" está em qual tempo verbal?

- | | |
|--------------------|--------------------|
| a) present perfect | c) past continuous |
| b) simple past | d) past perfect |

3. O texto aprova ou critica ideias como eugenia e racismo científico? Retire do texto o trecho que explica

LEIA O TRECHO E RESPONDA

I've lived here for almost six years. I think this is a nice place and people are friendly. I have nothing to complain about. I've made friends and I've seen good things around here.

Lately, people have talked more to each other and the city has received more and more tourists from other countries. Tourism is very important here. Many people come here to spend their vacations and take a break.

I really like it here and I'm glad nothing bad has happened for a long time.

4. Mark True Or False. / Verdadeiro Ou Falso

- A. Jane wants to complain about the city where she is. ()
- B. She makes friends there. ()
- C. She sees nice things. ()
- D. Tourism is important to the city. ()
- E. Recently, there was a disaster in Jane's city. ()

5. How long has Jane Honda lived in the city?

6. Correct the sentence

Mike has played this game in 1999

7. Qual opção melhor responde a pergunta:

Who washed the dishes?

- | | |
|-------------------------------------|------------------|
| a) Lucas washed | c) No, I haven't |
| b) Yes, I have visited the hospital | d) Lucas did |

8. Sobre os condicionais, assinale a alternativa incorreta

- a) No primeiro condicional, se usa o futuro
- b) O primeiro e segundo condicional usam ideias hipotéticas
- c) o terceiro condicional usa estruturas no passado perfeito
- d) O segundo condicional usa uma ideia hipotética

9. Qual a melhor opção para dizer que vive na cidade faz tempo

- a) I lived in this city for a long time
- b) I'm going to live in the city
- c) I have lived in the city for a long time
- d) I didn't live in the city a long time ago

10. Marque a opção que apresenta um erro:

- a) Robert is taller than Lucas
- b) Lucas didn't watch tv yesterday
- c) I haven't been studying lately
- d) If I had the money, I will buy a PC

11. Correct the sentence

"If I had a car, I will drive all the way to Argentina"

12. Sobre os condicionais, é incorreto afirmar que:

- a) se usa a partícula if para indicar uma condição para algo acontecer
- b) os três condicionais passam ideias diferentes
- c) no segundo condicional, se usa, na primeira oração if + verbo no presente, e na outra oração, would + verbo
- d) o terceiro condicionais expressa uma condição para algo que teria acontecido no passado

13. Responda a pergunta usando uma estrutura condicional e a sua imaginação:

Will you help me with the math homework?

14. Encontre o erro da estrutura e corrija:

The most long book in the world is the bible

15. Escreva três frases com present perfect continuous, na afirmativa, negativa e pergunta
