

	Curso: ENSINO MÉDIO INTEGRADO	Data:	
	TRABALHO DE RECUPERAÇÃO	Série: 2º	
Disciplina: Sociologia	Professor(a): Felipe de Palma Kind		
Coordenação: Betania S. C. Domingues	Visto:	Valor: 10,0	Nota:
Aluno(a):			Nº:

ORIENTAÇÕES

- As questões devem apresentar todo o desenvolvimento do processo de resolução.
- Use lápis e só após ter certeza, passe **TODAS as respostas finais à caneta.**
- Escreva com **letra bem legível.**
- Não será permitido rasura.

Conteúdos cobrados no trabalho e na avaliação de recuperação semestral

- Simple Past
- Present Perfect
- Condicionais



QUESTÕES

Read the text for questions 1-2

Invasions by Barbarian tribes

The most straightforward theory for Western [Rome's](#) collapse pins the fall on a string of military losses sustained against outside forces. Rome had tangled with Germanic tribes for centuries, but by the 300s “barbarian” groups like the Goths had encroached beyond the Empire’s borders. The Romans weathered a Germanic uprising in the late fourth century, but in 410 the Visigoth King Alaric successfully sacked the city of Rome. The Empire spent the next several decades under constant threat before “the Eternal City” was raided again in 455, this time by the Vandals. Finally, in 476, the Germanic leader Odoacer staged a revolt and deposed the Emperor Romulus Augustulus. From then on, no Roman emperor would ever again rule from a post in Italy, leading many to cite 476 as the year the Western Empire suffered its deathblow.

1. According to the text:

- a) a cidade de Roma foi atacada por povos vindos da Grécia no século VII
- b) o motivo mais óbvio para a queda do império romano, foram as invasões bárbaras
- c) a queda definitiva do império aconteceu no século IV
- d) o império só foi invadido uma vez

2. O trecho: “Western Empire suffered its deathblow” está em qual tempo verbal?

- a) present perfect
- b) simple past
- c) past continuous

d) past perfect

Read the text for questions 3-5

I've lived here for almost six years. I think this is a nice place and people are friendly. I have nothing to complain about. I've made friends and I've seen good things around here.

Lately, people have talked more to each other and the city has received more and more tourists from other countries. Tourism is very important here. Many people come here to spend their vacations and take a break.

I really like it here and I'm glad nothing bad has happened for a long time.

By Jane Honda.

3. How long has Jane Honda lived in the city?

4. Does Jane like the place where she lives?

5. Mark True Or False. / Verdadeiro Ou Falso

- A. Jane wants to complain about the city where she is. (...)
- B. She makes friends there. (...)
- C. She sees nice things. (...)
- D. Tourism is important to the city. (...)
- E. Recently, there was a disaster in Jane's city. (...)

6. Correct the sentence

I have done the dishes 3 hours ago

7. Qual opção melhor responde a pergunta:

Have you organized the bedroom?

- a) No, I didn't
- b) Yes, I have visited the hospital
- c) No, I haven't
- d) No, I don't like the house

8. Sobre os tempos verbais, assinale a alternativa INCORRETA

- a) Present Perfect necessita do auxiliar have/has
- b) Simple past é usado para ações inacabadas
- c) O Present Perfect pode ser usado para ações que começaram no passado e continuam no presente
- d) Em frases com for e since, se fala por quanto tempo, ou desde quando uma ação é feita

9. Qual a melhor opção para dizer que ainda não preparou o jantar:

- a) I didn't prepare dinner last week
- b) I haven't prepared dinner yet
- c) I will not prepare dinner
- d) I have never prepared dinner

10. Marque a opção que apresenta um erro

- a) I have learned how to drive a car
- b) Lucas has never cleaned his house
- c) The teacher has worked at this school for 2016
- d) They have already watched the movie

11. Correct the sentence

"They have studied there for 2015"

12. Sobre os condicionais, é incorreto afirmar que:

- a) se usa a partícula if para indicar uma condição para algo acontecer
- b) os três condicionais passam ideias diferentes
- c) no segundo condicional, se usa, na primeira oração if + verbo no presente, e na outra oração, would + verbo
- d) o terceiro condicionais expressa uma condição para algo que teria acontecido no passado

13. Responda a pergunta usando uma estrutura condicional e a sua imaginação:

Will you help me with the math homework?

14. Encontre o erro da estrutura e corrija:

I would have helped you if I had the time

15. Escreve uma frase com cada um dos três condicionais
